World Vision SUMMER 2006

PLEADING FOR A CHANCE AT LIFE

ONE SPONSOR'S STORY | Page 10 FIGHTING POVERTY | Page 22



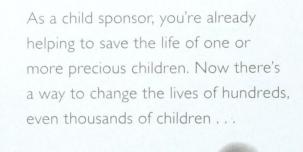
World Vision

PLEADING FOR A CHANCE AT LIFE

ONE SPONSOR'S STORY | Page 10 FIGHTING POVERTY | Page 22

YOU can help hundreds of children

without increasing your giving





Many children living in some of the world's poorest areas are waiting right now for sponsors. You can be an answer to their prayers by finding caring people to sponsor them.

All you need to do is tell your family, church, community, or workplace about your experience as a child sponsor. We'll supply all the materials and support you'll need to inspire them to say "yes" to a boy or a girl in need.

If you feel a call to help more children, request a Child Ambassador Information Packet today.

Call us today at 1.866.952.4453 or visit www.worldvision.org/childambassador.

WorldVision

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» ON THE COVER

World Vision works to save the lives o children affected by hunger in Africa, like this little girl in Niger (read about World Vision's response in Niger, page Photograph by REUTERS/Finbarr O'R

World Vision, a free quarterly publication, af people responding to God's call to care for the poor by providing information, inspiration, and opportunities for action, linking them with chi and families in nearly 100 countries where We Vision ministers. In an effort to be careful stev of our resources, this publication costs less the 35 cents a copy to print and mail.

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- Apply for a job at World Vision
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Building a better world for children

World Vision

EATURES On the Cover: CUTTING HUNGER IN HAL In two African countries, World Vision battles to solve complex food emergencies. **GETTING SERIOUS IN THE** FIGHT AGAINST POVERTY What are the Millennium Development Goals, and what does World Vision have to do with them? GREAT GOALS Millennium goals explained, page 22. FRENZIED FEEDING » A busy World Food Programme warehouse in Niger. IN EVERY ISSUE

FROM THE PRESIDENT

Rich Stearns dreams about how we can end poverty in our world.

FRONTLINES

News from around the globe; an inspiring sponsor's story; how World Vision helped an arson-affected church; annual sponsorship information; and more. 28

WHERE ARE THEY NOW?

A former sponsored child from India moves closer to her sponsors—in more ways than one.

INSPIRATION

God's intention for us, clearly defined in Scripture, is to help all people—especially the poor—find a place at the table.

RETROSPECT

What is love? A sponsored boy in Mongolia knows.

FROM THE PRESIDENT

The End of Poverty >> 50¢ a Day

e have all been asked, "If you were granted just one wish, what would it be?" My wish, not surprisingly, would be for the end of world poverty—the kind of extreme poverty that causes 29,000 children to die needlessly every day. There was a time when I thought such a dream was "pie in the sky." But I am now convinced that it is attainable.

MY DREAM COME TRUE » In 2000, leaders from more than 180 countries gathered under the direction of the United Nations to develop goals for tackling poverty in the new millennium. The result was the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), which, if attained, would reduce extreme poverty in half by 2015 and eliminate it altogether by 2025.

These goals (see related story, page 22) are both practical and doable. They include ensuring that all children receive at least an eighth-grade education; that women are valued; that people have access to food and clean water; and that the wealthiest nations contribute their fair share to make all of this possible.

After decades of development, we know how to do this. We have programs and solutions that work. The most devastating and degrading poverty could actually be wiped out in our generation.

"If anyone has material possessions and sees his brother in need but has no pity on him, how can the love of God be in him? Dear children, let us not love with words or tongue but with actions and in truth." — 1 John 3:17-18

THE BAD NEWS » So what is standing in our way? Here, I'm afraid, is the hard medicine to swallow. Americans have always believed that while we are the wealthiest nation on earth, we are also the most generous. But do the facts bear this out?

Unfortunately, they do not. When Americans are asked in surveys what percentage of the federal budget is spent on humanitarian assistance internationally, they typically estimate between 15 and 20 percent. The actual figure is less than 1 percent. While the United States gives the most in terms of actual dollars, we rank second-to-last among the 22 wealthiest countries for foreign assistance as a percentage of our GDP (gross domestic product, a nation's annual income). By that measure, Norway gives five times as much.

But, you say, Americans more than make up for the shortfall with private charitable donations. This is another fallacy. Out of

the nearly \$250 billion given privately by Americans in 2004, only about 2 percent it went to international causes.

But, you say, what about the churches? Don't they consider global poverty a top priority? A recent survey of Protestant denominations found that an average of two cents per dollar goes to foreign missi

THE GOOD NEWS » So what would it take to grant my wish? The Wor Bank estimates that an additional \$40 to \$70 billion a year is needed to achieve th MDGs. Sound like a lot? We spend \$20 billion a year on ice cream and \$26 billion on jewelry. We can afford it. If America d cided to pay the entire bill for one year, n dream-come-true would cost an addition 50 cents per day per American. Just 50 ce

Now I am a realist, and I know that money doesn't solve every problem. I also know that we will never eliminate all povity, because some of it is a result of injustic oppression, and sin. But we must never up these excuses to let ourselves off the hourselves.

God has commanded us to care for "least of these" and act out of compassion for our neighbors. If you sponsor a child through World Vision, you are already contributing more than one dollar a day. You doing your share and then some. If our government, our churches, and all of us as individuals chipped in our 50 cents' worth the hopes and dreams of millions of the

world come mine.

world's children mig come true, along wi mine.

Kiel Than

RONT LINES Compiled by James Addis

The Writing On The Wall

Thousands of messages of goodwill from citizens around the United States reached AIDS-affected communities in Zambia after being posted on the prayer wall of the World Vision AIDS Experience—a 3,000-square-foot interactive exhibit currently touring the country. The Experience uses a series of audio and visual effects to allow visitors to briefly experience the heartache suffered by an African mother, orphan, or child soldier reeling from the devastation wrought by the disease.

See the World Vision AIDS Experience, New York City's Grand Central Station, June 20-24.

» INSIDE

- 6 | World Watch
 World Vision at work in the world
- 9 | Change Your World Change Agent Amber Hubers
- 10 | Q & A
 A sponsor's tale

AMONG THE MESSAGES ON THE WALL

- "The Lord made you and so you will be forever beautiful."
- "Father, forgive all who forget that your children are hurting."
- "I can't wait to see you in our eternal destination."
- "America cares about you. We know your needs and have heard your cries."
- "The Lord has his eye on the sparrow. If he cares for the sparrows he cares for you."
- "God has a place for you in his kingdom, where your shackles turn to diamonds."
- "You are all kings and queens made in God's image."



ABOVE: Children in Kolwezi are among those to benefit from water programs. RIGHT: Tribes isolated for more than a century get earthquake relief.



W ORLD WATCH

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO | WATER MATTERS »

Funding from the Bill Gates Foundation and the Canadian International Development Agency will allow World Vision to supply clean water and sanitation facilities to more than 120,000 people in eastern DRC, where drinking polluted water is the major cause of death among children. Five years of civil war has destroyed much of the country's social and economic infrastructure.

SOUTH ASIA | TRIBES FOUND » World Vision teamed up with a Pakistani aid agency to deliver assistance to thousands of isolated tribes who have had no contact with westerners for more than 100 years. The Organization for Development Coordination and World Vision used ancient British Army maps to cross mountain passes in the North West Frontier Province to reach families battered by the South Asia quake. The aid organizations distributed first aid kits, tools, and shelter materials. Communications Officer Andy Goss said when the first relief team arrived families were attempting to keep warm by huddling in makeshift shelters in the ruins of their former homes.





TOP: More children, including girls, will get the chance to go to school in Afghanistan. ABOVE: Bird flu poses a b threat to poor communities in Romani

FRONT

GHANISTAN | COLD CORRECTION >>> World Vision plans to build new schools this year in communities where children currently gather for class ents or under trees. During the freezing Afghan winter, studying under such ditions is almost impossible. In addition to school construction, World Vision will ss ahead with teacher training, school supplies, and adult literacy programs.

ISSIAN FEDERATION | BESLAN BOOST » Joyful celebrations rked the reopening of a children's park in Beslan, North Ossetia, uniting a community astated by the school siege that killed 186 children in 2004. World Vision revamped weed-overgrown park—installing colorful play equipment, a lighted amphitheatre, I a fountain—as a means of bringing healing to the community. North Ossetia Deputy me Minister Dzantiev Sergey attended the event and said that those contributing to

the reconstruction had invested in the future of the republic.

BRAZIL | SEX TOURISM **>>** Visitors to major Brazilian tourist destinations will be warned against attempting to initiate sex with children. The World Vision-sponsored campaign will place posters at strategic locations and brochures in the passports of foreign visitors to deter would-be pedophiles. The World Tourism Organization estimates that sex tourism cases in Brazil, Thailand, and the Philippines make up 10 percent of the global total.

ROMANIA | BIRD FLU » The rapid spread of bird flu into regions along the flight path of migratory birds spurred World Vision and local authorities to conduct an education campaign among schoolchildren in lalomita county, teaching them hygiene skills to avoid contracting the disease. Meanwhile, World Vision is preparing itself for possible major outbreaks in Asia and Africa. Lauren Sable—a member of World Vision's avian flu working group—said the organization's extensive operations and grassroots

ontacts in poor communities means it could play an important role in spotting an utbreak and preventing the global spread of the disease.

JNITED STATES | GULF COAST » World Vision acquired a 40,000-quare-foot warehouse in Picayune, Miss., to store donated building materials for elivery to hurricane-shattered neighborhoods. The warehouse will complement 10 other World Vision storehouses around the country. The storehouses provide resources o communities in need. ■

Thanks to You »

2005: Remarkable disasters; record-breaking giving.

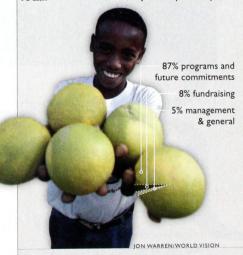
REVENUE

Breakdown (millions)	2003	2004	2005
Private contributions	\$278	\$297	\$410
Government grants	198	285	244
Gifts-in-kind	204	215	238
Other income	6	10	13
Total:	\$686	\$807	\$905



EXPENSES

Breakdown (millions)	2003	2004	2005
Programs		\$709	
Fund raising	63	63	74
Management & general	33	42	44
Total:	\$649	\$814	\$870



*The difference between revenue and expenses reflects tsunami donations not yet distributed at year end.

Children helped by U.S. child sponsors:

sponsors: 2003: 717,155 2004: 733,268 2005: 812,000 by child sponsors worldwide: 2003: 2.2 million

Children helped

2004: 2.4 million 2005: 2.6 million

EVERY SECOND CHILD >>

Number of children in the world:

Number of children living in developing countries:

1.9 billion

Number of children living in poverty:

Source: UNICEF's "State of the World's Children 2005"

ROMANIA



Arson Fires Up Church »

Tragedies help congregation refocus. By Lauren Schmunk

Pastor Mark Ahrens tells people he has the most on-fire church in town. And he does, literally. The New Covenant Fellowship Church in Elgin, Ill., has been the target of arson twice in two years. After the first fire, lit by hoodlums in 2003, church members

Mark Ahrens: "This is helping us get refocused on what is important: it's people."

banded together to put things right—laying tiles and repainting charred walls But the work was incomplete before disaster struck again.

"We were so far," says Mark, "and then, bam, the second fire."

This time, the arson was a mystery—nobody knows who started it or why, but Mark decided to focus or one certainty: God is in control. "The Lord is showing me that he'll give us whatever it takes to come through."

That is a statement of faith. The church now needs an entirely new sanctuary, but for the congregation of 70, many of whom are out of work, money is tight. Help has come from neighboring churches and World Vision The Storehouse, which has given an array of building materials including windows, doors, and bathroom fixtures

Mark says the support will allow the church to build a bigger sanctuary that can double as a gym. He wants to use the building to reach out to local people.

"Just like fire burns off the dross from the silver," says Mark, "this is helping us get refocused on what is important: it's people."

—Note: World Vision storehouses are located in Seattle, Los Angeles, Minneapolis Dallas, Chicago, Appalachia, Detroit, New York, Washington, D.C., Albany, Ga., and Picayune, Miss. They provide material resources to strengthen communities.

FRONT

TFACT >> U.S. private donations in response to ricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma exceeded \$2.96 billion—a rd for a single disaster and recovery effort.

: The Center on Philanthropy, Indiana University

lotor Head' Finds Meaning of Life »

enthusiast makes a U-turn to benefit the poor.

SICIAN ART TASCONE once took ission for classic cars more seriously most.

he North Carolina doctor spent years ring southern California for the most beautiful automobiles seen on the road. years ago, he had 12 classic cars parked warehouse close to his Raleigh home. oday he has none. That's partly because onated the last and most prized cles in his collection—a 1960 Lincoln tinental, a '61 Cadillac, and a '62 Ford inderbird—to World Vision to sell, he money could be used to help the



Art Tascone says goodbye to the Lincoln.

world's neediest people.

"I was staring at a warehouse full of these cars, and then it just hit me like a light being switched on. I thought, What am I doing with these things? I could be doing something better," he says.

Art, 45, describes the about-turn as a spiritual awakening involving a heightened awareness of the need for humankind to reach out and help each other.

"We car collectors may work for months to get a really nice paint job or new chrome on a new cruiser completed, oblivious that in Africa people are starv-

ing to death and being ravaged by disease."

Art now drives a Toyota minivan and ruefully admits he is unlikely to turn many heads when he drives down the street as he did formerly. But he has no regrets about the big sell-off. Indeed, he only wishes he had seen the light 10 years earlier.

"I got the chance to see God work in me—a callous die-hard 'motor-head.' That process stirred something on the inside. I feel blessed to have observed that and be part of it."

Ways to Change Your World»

FAMILY SPONSORSHIP

Break the cycle of poverty and sponsor a family.

2 VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Promote child sponsorship in your church, community, or via the Internet.

3 30 HOUR FAMINE

Get your school or youth group to join the fight against hunger.

CHANGEagent



Name: Amber Hubers, 19

Home: Demotte, Ind. Occupation: Student School: Covenant Christian High School Program: 30 Hour

Famine **Buzz:** Amber helped enthuse her school of less than 100 students to raise nearly \$10,000 for the 30 Hour Famine, then won a World Vision trip to Kenya to learn about poverty close-up. The visit prompted her to convince the school's Action and Awareness club to take up

"It's not us who are saving all these kids, we're just doing what we can. We're given the opportunity to raise these dollars, and God can do so much with it."

TEAM WORLD VISION

developing world issues.

Use your sports or fitness activities to help children affected by HIV/AIDS.

5 DISCOVER WHAT IT MEANS TO FOLLOW CHRIST

Simple steps to a personal relationship with Jesus.

More ways to change your world: go to www.worldvision.org/change or call (866) 952-4453.

HE HUNGRY DON'T LEARN »

ungry children start school later, if at all, drop out sooner, and learn ss while they do attend than well-fed students.

urce: Food and Agriculture Organization's "The State of Food Insecurity in the World 2005"





A Sponsor's Tale »

ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN Antoinette Miles' income was slashed by more than half when she was made redundant in 2002. The job loss inevitably meant hard times ahead for the 41-year-old Boston woman, but the lifelong cerebral palsy sufferer was determined to carry on sponsoring 16 children.

Q: How long have you been a child sponsor?

A: I started sponsoring in January 1993. I started with just one child, then picked up three or four, and it just grew from there.

Q: Why do you sponsor so many?

A: I like to get to know children in other cultures. I like to have kids in my life. Nature has not given them to me, so I let God give them to me [through sponsoring]. If I could, I would pick up more. If I could sponsor about 50 of them, I would grab them quick.

Q: Do you write to them all?

A: I'm writing eight or nine letters every week. I get about 10 letters from them every other week. After Christmas it's a little slow, but around February I get them by the handful.

Q: Are any of the letters extra special?

A: I sponsor a 6-year-old child in Brazil. The girl, she draws me pictures and things like that, and the mother writes. The letters are quite lengthy, and I sort of get to know them and feel like part of the family. Some families I really get close to. I am glued to this one.

Q: Your own income is limited—how do you do it?

A: After I've paid my bills I want to put my money into sponsoring.

That's what I want to do the most, and everything else I eliminate.

I hope nothing stops me from sponsoring. The enjoyment is more than I can explain to you.

Q: What does the future hold for you?

A: I'm awaiting a new wheelchair. Once I get it I can start getting back into school and back into work. I'm going to retrain and major in business administration.

TELL US YOUR STORY



Why do you love being a child sponsor?
Write the editors at wwmagazine@worldvision.org.

Crosby Scores for Gulf Coast »

Player's shirt fetches \$20,00

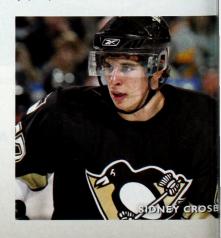
ONE COULD SAY Pittsburgh Penguin rookie Sidney Crosby has made somethir of a mark on the National Hockey League

A bevy of Canadian sports reporters tasked with the sole objective of covering him, he's already the subject of two books and he's only 18.

That kind of fame turned to the advartage of Hurricane Katrina survivors when the NHL and its players' association decic to run a jersey auction to raise money for World Vision's relief efforts in the Gulf Co

One Crosby fan was prepared to pay more than \$20,000 to secure a jersey wo by the star in his season opener—by far t most for a single shirt.

The total raised by all the jerseys came to \$530,472, which was matched by coun singing legend Garth Brooks' Teammates f Kids Foundation, to bring in a cool million \$1,060,944 to be exact. ■



FRONT

AYER POINT | COLOMBIA » Pray for children in Colombia

wing up in a country altered by decades of drug-related

ence. Lift up the 4,000 sponsored children participating in World

on's Child Peacebuilding Movement, which recognizes that

dren are legitimate and natural social agents to achieve peace.

egacy of Love »

on's testimony inspires parents to rescue children m the sex trade.

TT WILLS is remembered by his family young man of warmth and compassion, illed linguist, and extraordinarily conned about the plight of children.

His own material wellig mattered little to him.
gave much of his money
y, cared for the home, and began sponsoring
dren in the developing
rld while still in college.
While working as
English teacher in
ailand, the former
lorado Springs man
rned firsthand of
plight of children
ced to work in slave

nditions in factories,

fishing boats, or

part of the burgeoning commercial x trade. It made Matt angry, and it broke i heart.

These were tough burdens to bear for a an already battling depression and chronic ck pain that steadily worsened as he grew der. In May 2003, Matt Wills took his own a. He was 40 years old.

Today his father, Matt Wills Sr., 73, and other, Julia, 70, can't speak of their only son ithout their voices becoming strained with motion. "There were so many obstacles nat came down on him—more than he ould handle," says Julia.

Julia found Matt's journal shortly after his death. One thing that struck her was a passage where Matt appealed to God that his life would not be in vain.

It made the Wills more determined to find a way to translate the compassion their son had felt for children into practical action. Then, Matt Wills Sr. came across a brochure documenting World Vision's work among exploited children in Thailand.

After discussions with the organization, the Wills decided to help expand the work by funding the building of a shelter for children and young women who are victims of human trafficking. The center will be built at Ranong-on the border with Myanmar. Traffickers there lure their victims across the border with promises of good jobs and a better life, instead they are condemned to labor in sweatshops or brothels.

The center will provide accommodation for up to 40 girls and young women rescued from traffickers.

The Wills have taken a big interest in how the center will look. "We wanted it to be more like a home than an institution," Matt says.

Funding such a center does not come cheap, but the Wills refuse to take any credit for their giving. "This is about Matt, it is not about the Wills' generosity," says Julia, "It is about Matt opening our eyes to a need that we might never have been truly aware of."

What's On »

VISION VILLAGES » Take a trip to Honduras and build a home for a family in need. Departures in June and July. www.worldvision.org/visionvillages

APPALACHIA » Transform a community. Take a summer mission trip to West Virginia. Trips in June and July. www.worldvision.org/appalachiatrips

AIDS » XVI International AIDS
Conference, Toronto, featuring the World
Vision AIDS Experience, August 13-18,
www.aids2006.org. ■

Child-deadly Countries »

Where children are most likely to die before their fifth birthdays:

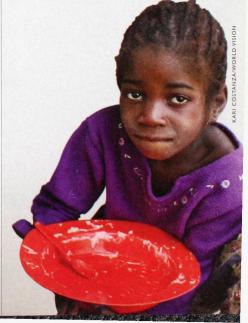
- Sierra Leone
- Niger
- Angola
- Afghanistan
- Liberia
- Somalia
- Somai
- Mali
- Burkina Faso
- Democratic Republic of Congo

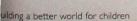
Source: UNICEF's

Children 2005"

"State of the World's

• Guinea-Bissau

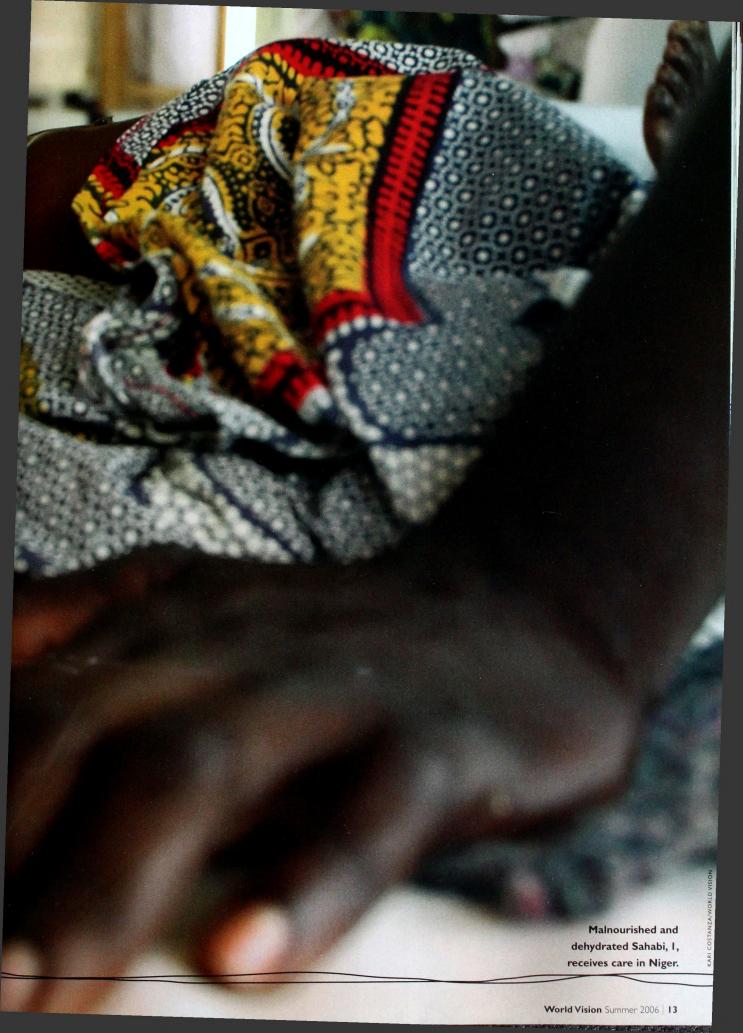




Ittinselles and the second sec

CAN IT BE DONE IN BELEAGUERED AFRICAN COUNTRIES

WHERE THINGS LIKE LANDMINES AND L CUSTS BLOCK THE WAY?



y second grader pushes away her bowl of cereal. "I want peanut-butter toast," she says. Frustrated, I snatch away the bowl, dumping its brightly colored contents down the drain. "There are children in Africa who are hungry," I snap, "and I know their names." They are Luciana in Angola, too weak to sit up straight, and Faouzia in Niger, who cannot walk for lack of food.

My daughter begins to cry. She has picked an unfortunate time for a tantrum. I am jet-lagged from a trip to Africa. My head is crammed with images: children with old faces, their enormous fear-filled eyes encased in miniature, vein-lined skulls; a grandmother valiantly suckling her malnourished grandchild with bone-dry breasts; a baby so dehydrated his eyes fail to produce tears when he cries.

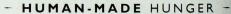
There is enough food in the world to feed everyone. In some places, there is more than enough. There are leftovers in my refrigerator right now that need to be tossed. But in many places around the world, people don't have the food they need. They can't grow it; they can't afford it; or they can't get to it. On any given day, there are more than 850 million people who won't have the minimum nutrition their bodies need.

At the top of the list of United Nations' Millennium Development Goals is fighting poverty and hunger—halving the number of hungry people by 2015 (see related story about the Millennium Development Goals, page 22). It's a worthy goal. Since 1984, World Vision has been fighting hunger with large-scale relief programs that have delivered more than \$1.5 billion in food supplies to 40 million peoproviding more food is not the solution. Tr food and other aid can help sustain and improlife, but they can't fix the causes of poverty a hunger in developing countries that include po agricultural policies, corruption, unfair trade rul and debt. Until these countries are able to establ functioning markets, improve domestic policies, a participate in the world economy, World Vision a others must continue to feed and fight for peo who cannot feed and fight for themselves.

Some places in the world, child malnutrition on the decline-in China and in regions such southeast Asia, Latin America, and the Caribbe. But in sub-Saharan Africa, due primarily to popu tion growth, the number of malnourished childs is actually increasing.

Many factors conspire to produce a hung child, but often hunger is either nature-made human-made. Cases in point: Locusts in Niger a landmines in Angola yield a mind-crushing a body-numbing hunger that most of us will than

will have very different ple—work fueled by God's call to serve the poor. endings. But can millions more be reached? Simply fully never know. stunting.



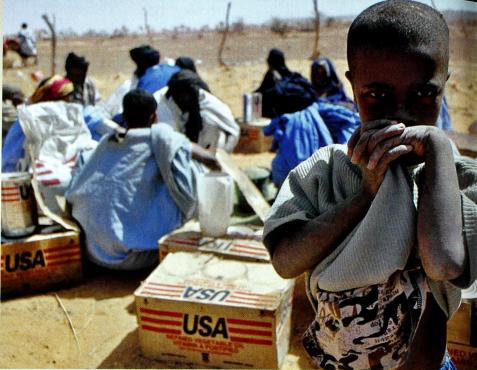
"In Angola, kids dream of food-and when th wake up hungry, they realize it was only a dream says Jonathan White, operations director of Wor Vision Angola, a southern African country whe one of two children is severely malnourished. In t central highlands, where World Vision works, to 52 percent of the children under 5 suffer grow

Luciana was one of those children. I met h at Bailundo Central Hospital. Luciana will nev -continued on page 17

Hunger hits children the hardest. ABOVE: Faouzia scrapes millet and chaff from the family breakfast bowl in Niger. RIGHT: She rests in her mother's comforting embrace. **BELOW:** Luciana in Angola doesn't have the energy to make eye contact with her doctor. The two girls' stories









inued from page 14 » rmal. "She will be small," her doctor told She will never be like the other children."

de Comanda 20 Irnave what hunger

- HUNGRY BY NATURE -

Almost half of the world's hungry poor live in small environmental hiccup,

World Vision



typical of what happens re destroys crops: Food families like Zeinabou's usband went out to find abou. But with everyone ere scarce.

fatal results. Last year in f Niger, 2.5 million peoth due to hunger-related

d a poor harvest drove poor farmers could pay. 1: an invasion of locusts. ening. They arrived like Sita, 33. It happened on it of her hut in western outing. We couldn't see ocusts." Frightened, the as the swarm descended

ough milk in my breasts einabou. Her 2-year-old A prescription from the and it cost \$1-what a es on for a day. "Since to take her back to the

th Zeinabou as she prefor Faouzia, spindle-thin et cough. One eye was n and the inside of her sores. Weak from birth, . Zeinabou bent over a ntil they were black. She ooned the mixture down izia screamed, extending ncoction only served to d gums.

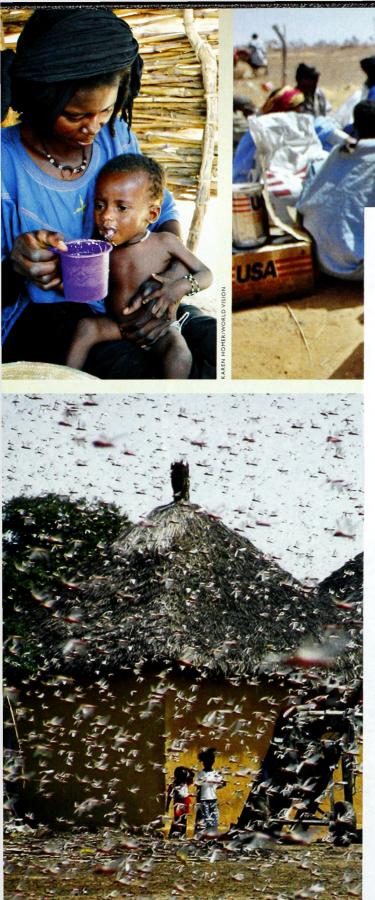
amily survived on leaves ushes and millet, what is s to feed cows and pigs. usband, eats first, as is re is food left, Zeinabou dren. Zakari is tall, thin, ew bites of the morning



OPPOSITE PAGE (clockwise from bottom left): Locusts wreak havoc in West Africa. A mother in Niger feeds her son after his twin perished. This hungry Mauritanian boy collected up stray beans during a food distribution. ABOVE: Landmines and locusts represent human-made and natural causes of food crises.

HUNGER is an epidemic,

claiming more lives than AIDS, málaria, tuberculosis combined.





	N A M E		
	ADDRESS		
	CITY		STATE
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	TELEPHONE	E - M A I L	
Please use my gift of \$	to provide food	☐ Check payable to World Vision	
for children and families.		☐ Credit card payment	
I want to sponsor a child for \$30/month.	330/month.	☐ Visa ☐ MasterCard ☐ American Express	nerican Express
a girl a boy living in		Cand no	
☐ Asia ☐ Africa ☐ Latin America ☐ Middle East	rica 🗆 Middle East		

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☐ Where most needed

☐ Please use my gift of \$_

children and help hungry

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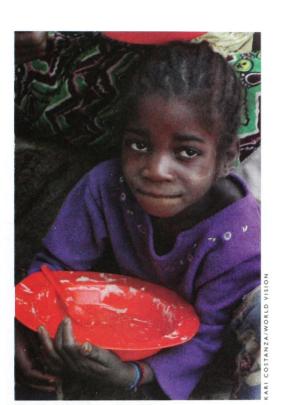
rinued from page 14 »

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'She will never be like the other children."

- HUNGRY BY NATURE -

Almost half of the world's hungry poor live in small environmental hiccup,



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OPPOSITE PAGE
(clockwise from bottom
left): Locusts wreak
havoc in West Africa.
A mother in Niger
feeds her son after
his twin perished. This
hungry Mauritanian
boy collected up stray
beans during a food
distribution. ABOVE:
Landmines and locusts
represent human-made
and natural causes of
food crises.

Widespread hunger has reached crisis proportions for more than 30 million people across Africa. An additional 125 million are undernourished. Contributing factors—both natural and human-made—include drought, erratic rainfall, soil depletion, AIDS, conflict, pests, and poor governance.

World Vision, present in all of the worstaffected countries, is already responding to the crisis. You can help provide food for children and helping families in dire need.

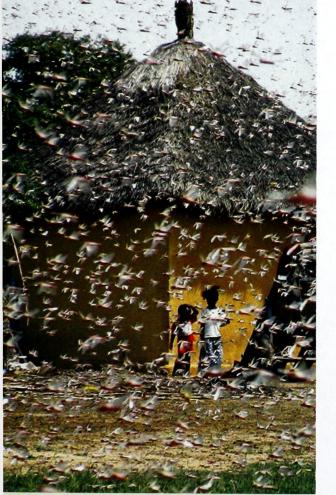


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tinued from page 14 »

smal. "She will be small," her doctor told She will never be like the other children." ernando Somongula, 28, knows what hunger like. He is the only doctor serving a populatof 300,000.

he therapeutic feeding ward where Luciana her days was eerily quiet. Many of the ren were too malnourished to cry. Luciana bed against her mother weakly. Her eyes were At 6, she was the size of a 3-year-old.

er mother, Rosalina Ngueve, 35, has already our children—one to malaria, the other three vil conflict. Now the family grapples with ner life-threatening situation. "Sometimes e gone for three days without anything to eat," Rosalina.

ler family embodies the vicious cycle of povor of many war-torn countries. Human-made crises have doubled since 1992. In Angola, conflict and poor governance played out in a ear struggle that left its once-splendid farmland red and ready to detonate. "Some estimates vone landmine for every child in Angola," Jonathan.

The conflict cost Angola 1.5 million lives—pers 1 million of those were children—and dised 4 million more. Displacement wreaks havoc society. Schools close, harvests are disrupted, 1 stocks run dry, and markets collapse.

'People are willing to risk the landmines in er to farm," says Dr. Chris Asanzi, an agronot with World Vision Angola. But more often, the lmines act as a barrier in the way conflict itself s—by keeping people from farming and taking ir crops to market.

"It's crazy," says Jonathan. "Angola used to port food. Now the country imports about 50 cent of its food. That doesn't have to be. Angola one of the worst places for a child to grow up." And one in four Angolan children don't. They before they reach the age of 5, of preventable eases such as diarrhea and malaria—illnesses it prey upon weak bodies. Children who are even oderately malnourished are four times as likely die from infectious diseases as a well-nourished ild. When a country is in conflict, its smallest, eakest citizens suffer the greatest harm.

- HUNGRY BY NATURE -

Almost half of the world's hungry poor live in small farming communities. An environmental hiccup, such as drought, can have fatal results. Last year in the West African country of Niger, 2.5 million people faced starvation or death due to hunger-related diseases when drought and a poor harvest drove food prices beyond what poor farmers could pay. Nature added a cruel touch: an invasion of locusts.

"They arrived in the evening. They arrived like a shadow," says Zeinabou Sita, 33. It happened on a Friday as she sat in front of her hut in western Niger. "I heard people shouting. We couldn't see the leaves because of the locusts." Frightened, the family gathered in the hut as the swarm descended on their crops.

What happened next is typical of what happens in any country when nature destroys crops: Food prices increase, and poor families like Zeinabou's can't afford to eat. "My husband went out to find money for food," says Zeinabou. But with everyone searching for work, jobs were scarce.

"I couldn't produce enough milk in my breasts to feed Faouzia," says Zeinabou. Her 2-year-old daughter's health declined. A prescription from the health center didn't help, and it cost \$1—what a typical Nigerien family lives on for a day. "Since then, I haven't had money to take her back to the clinic," says Zeinabou.

I spent the morning with Zeinabou as she prepared traditional medicine for Faouzia, spindle-thin and sick with a deep, wet cough. One eye was swollen shut with infection and the inside of her mouth was covered with sores. Weak from birth, Faouzia has never walked. Zeinabou bent over a small fire, cooking herbs until they were black. She mixed them with oil and spooned the mixture down the little girl's throat. Faouzia screamed, extending her stick-thin legs. The concoction only served to blacken Faouzia's teeth and gums.

After the locusts, the family survived on leaves they picked from nearby bushes and millet, what is grown in the United States to feed cows and pigs. Zakari, 45, Zeinabou's husband, eats first, as is the custom in Niger. If there is food left, Zeinabou shares it with her three children. Zakari is tall, thin, and kind. He took but a few bites of the morning





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meal and gave the rest to his family. They squatted around the bowl and ate fingers full of millet quickly and quietly. Then breakfast was over.

Zeinabou and her family live in one of the world's most challenging environments. Niger is land-locked, with no navigable river. The country loses farmland every year to the encroaching Sahara. Yet the population continues to increase and is expected to double in less than 20 years. Niger has the highest mortality rate in the world, the highest illiteracy rate in the world, and the highest blindness rate in the world due to poor hygiene, diet, and limited access to clean water. In the 2005 Human Development Index, which assesses life expectancy, literacy, income, and fertility in 177 countries, Niger comes in dead last.

IS BEATING HUNGER HOPELESS? -

Landmines and locusts seem insurmountable. And there is AIDS, a disease wiping out the most productive members of the population—farmers, nurses, teachers—plus a generation of parents who have left behind 15 million orphans. Twenty percent of these children work, trying to feed surviving siblings and grandparents, but the food consumption in AIDS-ravaged homes dwindles by almost half.

Is the Millennium Development Goal of halving hunger by 2015 nothing but a pipe dream?

Not for George Mario. I met him in Angola's central highlands, in a field bursting with greencabbage, beans, maize, carrots, and Irish potatoes. "[In 1992] planes flew right over this farmland and dropped bombs," George told me, gesturing toward

the beautiful blue sky. "All my brothers and sist died. Five brothers and four sisters."

George, now 30, was born and raised here. spent more than a decade running from soldiers a then reluctantly fighting as a soldier. His dreams becoming a teacher or nurse were shattered.

In 2000, the central highlands had been a very different place. "There were no plants the ground," George says. "We had no place get seeds." In 2002, a peace accord was signed Angola. "World Vision came, and it was fantafor farmers," says George. "They started distr uting hoes, seeds, machetes, and other import things for our work."

Today George heads a farmers' association one of 240 in the region. These farmers grow cre together and even test experimental crops. The learn effective marketing techniques to bring go prices. World Vision bolsters its agricultural we with programs that address nutrition and edu tion, health care, and economic development. A organizations such as Halo Trust send work cre out daily, detonating landmines and clearing fie for farming.

George is putting his life back together. He l nine children-each named for a brother or sis he lost in the war. "I need one more boy," he sa beaming. "That boy will be named for me. The will have my family back."

There are those who think halving hunger 2015 in Angola is a possibility. "I believe, with a tle bit of luck and a lot of good intentions amon the partners and the government, there's no reas why that shouldn't happen," says Richard Corsin representative to the World Food Programme Angola.

It may be far more difficult in Niger, sa World Vision's Mark Wentling, who has work with farmers in Africa for decades. "Niger nee a lot of things—water, better sanitation, food, a improved farming techniques."

World Vision has worked in Niger since 19 and operates 13 sponsorship projects where 26,0 children receive the benefits of child sponsorsh clean water, health care, food security, and me importantly, education.

BELOW: George Mario, with two of his sons, is proof that families in a conflict-torn country like Angola can turn things around. RIGHT: It may be more difficult in Niger, where a variety of factors conspire against mothers trying to care for their children.







Child sponsorship in
Niger fights poverty
and hunger through
access to education,
health care, and
clean water. The
world's 400 million
children who live
without clean water
and sanitation are at
greater risk of disease
and malnutrition.

cated farmer is more productive than one with no schooling. World Vision nutritionists teach mothers to prepare healthy foods and help families break down cultural eating patterns that often deny the smallest children the calories they need to grow.

Education may benefit Niger's girls the most. "It is very important for the young girls to be educated," says Abakari Issa, 34, the schoolmaster. "If they are educated, they can lead. They will have more opportunities. They won't have to have as many children. And their husbands will respect them more because they will be more informed." The best student in Abakari's school this year is a girl.

In Niger, sponsorship is a roadmap to hope. "Look at the health center," says Zakari Yaou, 35, who runs this facility in a World Vision sponsorship project. "Look at the school. Look at the cereal bank." He gestures to the storeroom where surplus food is kept. "Look at the well. Look at the grinding machine. It's all because of sponsorship. The impact is vast."

- WORLD VISION'S PLACE AT THE TABLE - World Vision finds itself in a unique position to

World Vision finds itself in a unique position to simultaneously feed hungry people while actively engaging policy-makers to keep the hungry the center of their decisions. It's a powerful, to pronged approach that contributes to achieving Millennium Development Goals.

Admittedly, these goals are ambitious. T should be. Setting the bar too low is a death s tence for the millions of people who didn't today, many of them children—like the girls I in Niger and Angola.

Faouzia is doing better. The local World Vis staff were so concerned about her condition to they rushed her to the closest feeding center the configuration of my visit and took care of all the expenses. In a month, Faouzia gained nearly four pounds, can now stand for the first time in her life.

Luciana's story has a heartbreaking end. Just week after I visited her in the therapeutic feed center, the little girl who was too weak to sit finally gave up, forever closing her beautiful bro eyes to a life of hunger and disease. She had arrivat the therapeutic feeding center too late.

For me, Luciana will always represent the n to fight hunger—a goal that promises millions children the opportunity to become the hap healthy children God intended them to be.

MORE than 30 million people across Africa are facing serious food shortages, threatening a repeat of the dire famines of the 1980s. The current hunger hotspot is the greater Horn of Africa—Ethiopia, Somalia, Kenya, Tanzania, and Burundi—where consecutive years of poor rainfall have left more than 14 million people in need of emergency food. Meanwhile, other African countries such as Sudan, the Democratic Republic of Congo, and Uganda continue to grapple with food crises largely brought on by conflict.

World Vision is working in the most vulnerable countries, striving to avert widespread starvation.

DROUGHT & FOOD SHORTAGES CONTINUING FOOD CRISIS

HELP provide food for hungry children and families in Africa by using

child in the affected countries (Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania, Niger, Democratic Republic of Congo, Uganda, Malawi,

PRAY for children and families in need and for World Vision's efforts to avert full-scale famine.

To learn more or stay updated on World Vision's response, go to www.worldvision.org.

WHAT YOU CAN DO SPONSOR a

the envelope between pages 16 and 17.

and Zimbabwe).

DOD AID » DOES IT WORK?

DEBATE IS RAGING among nongovernmental organizais, governments, and academics about the relative merits of ding food aid from abroad (in-kind food) versus buying surses locally.

World Vision believes that the unique circumstances of each is should determine the best way to meet people's needs. In ne situations, such as the worsening drought in the Horn Africa, in-kind food is essential for saving lives. Eliminating it mpletely could jeopardize the 850 million people who live in onically food-deficit countries.

Some critics charge that U.S. food aid is a way to dispose of plus food. This is generally not true, as Title II food aid (the ain part of the U.S. government's food aid) is purchased on the en, competitive market. The amount of aid provided is not ated to agricultural production levels in the United States t rather the dollar amount given by the U.S. Congress.

Over the years, World Vision has employed a variety of food aid options—sending in-kind food; providing cash for local food purchase; providing cash directly to beneficiaries for food; and selling donated food to raise money for development programs-

> and advocates tailoring aid to a region's specific needs. World Vision currently provides food aid in 34 countries.

> > While emergency food aid is essential in the short term, the long-term, lasting solution is to work with people to enable them to produce their own food and enjoy a degree of food security.

> > > -For more information on food aid and World Vision's policy, go to www.seekjustice.org.





GETTING SERIOUS IN THE CONTROL AGAINST POVERTY

THE EIGHT MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS RALLY THE WORLD TO COMBAT PROBLEMS IT CAN NO LONGER IGNORE.

IN 2000, world leaders at the United Nations Millennium Summit set eight goals for combating major problems such as hunger, disease, illiteracy, and gender discrimination—with specific targets to be met by 2015. More than 180 nations, including the United States, agreed to pursue the goals.

The Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)—dubbed "the Beatitudes for a globalized world" by superstar activist Bono—are achievable, with global participation. It isn't a one-way proposition of rich helping poor; not only have wealthy countries and institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund signed on, but developing countries have pledged to improve their policies,

governance, and accountability.

"For the first time in history, we have the knowledge, resources, information, and technology to end extreme poverty," said the Rev. Jim Wallis, director of Sojourners, at a Christian leaders' gathering preceding last year's G-8 Summit. "And there is a moral, spiritual, and political convergence on this issue."

World Vision, among many international organizations, has long been fighting the problems addressed by the MDGs, thanks to child sponsors and supporters. In the following pages, discover how achieving such overwhelming goals is possible—one child, one family at a time.



G O A L # 1

ERADICATE EXTREME POVERTY AND HUNGER

RGET | Halve the proportion of people whose income is s than \$1 a day, and reduce by half the proportion of people ng in hunger.

AST FACT | In households suffering from extreme poverty, expectancy is often around half that of high-income countries—years instead of 80. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

NE FAMILY'S STORY | *How do you crawl out of e poverty pit? A "hand up" helps.* » "We were poor. My husnd was unemployed. We wanted to work, but we had nother to do," explains Alkela Berdufi, 28, of her family's plight as bisistence farmers in deeply poor rural Albania.

Alkela and her husband, Bashkim, didn't have proper school othes for their daughter, Erisa, and son, Elton. When the chilen got sick, they couldn't afford to take them to the hospital.

"We'd never been able to improve much," lamented Alkela. ut in 2002, they caught a break. World Vision's Elbasan project lected 20 of the village's poorest families, including the Berufis, for revolving loans and business training. They received \$300 grant followed by a \$150 loan, to be repaid over 18 nonths. The repayments later funded a water project that benfited 65 local families.

Alkela and Bashkim's plan was to raise and sell pigs. With the rant, they built a pig shed and bought feed, a sow, and a boar. he loan financed a piglet. Now they have three sows, which ollectively produce litters of 10 to 12 piglets twice a year. They are sold 40 piglets.

"Without the loan," Alkela says, "we would have lost a lot of noney that now we have in hand and can invest in our children."

—with reporting by John Schenk

G O A L # 2

ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION

TARGET | Ensure that children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will complete a full course of primary schooling.

FAST FACT | Worldwide, I I 4 million children do not get even a basic education. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

ONE FAMILY'S STORY | Children are kept from school for the strangest reasons. The trick is removing the obstacles. » José Vidal Quintana's three school-age children in Tacuba, El Salvador, have never spent a day in class. They can't enroll—not without birth certificates.

This isn't such an anomaly in El Salvador, where nearly 10 percent of the population has no legal identity. Poor families from rural areas often can't afford the travel costs and other expenses involved in registering births in cities. José and his wife, Filomena, don't even have documentation for themselves. "I lost my old identity document during the 2001 earthquake," José explains.

But his six children are no longer destined for uneducated lives. In 2004, World Vision started the Birth Registration Project in Tacuba and surrounding areas. In coordination with local civic offices and international organizations, the project aims to secure children's rights to their names, nationality, and identities.

World Vision's Luis Fernández spent the whole day with José and his family, transporting them to the city to collect documents for the parents and birth certificates for the two youngest children, easily attainable for those under age 5. They also met with a lawyer, paid by World Vision, to certify the births of the older children, a process that typically takes several months.

At day's end, Filomena told Luis, "I thank God, because through your help, we have obtained our identity documents. Soon the older children will have their certificates, and we will be able to enroll them in school."

—with reporting by Baltazar Ventura



BALTAZAR VENTURA/WORLD VISION



G O A I # 3

PROMOTE GENDER EQUITY AND EMPOWER WOMEN

TARGET | Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education.

FAST FACT | More than 40 percent of women in Africa do not have access to basic education. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

ONE FAMILY'S STORY | A woman tries changing her culture from within. » Alice Kitapo Laasoi does a lot of things traditional Maasai women don't do. She owns a house and cattle. A mother of four, she lives apart from her husband. And at 32, she graduated from primary school.

Alice counts among her role models the World Vision staff who work in her Kenyan community and her cousin, Susan Laasoi, who is employed by World Vision in Somalia. Now determined to become a human rights lawyer, Alice may join such influential women.

But her story began like that of most Maasai girls. "My father pulled me out of primary school and married me off at the ripe age of 16 to a 40-year-old, abusive man," she says. Years of beatings ensued, and after a severe flogging that almost cost her an eye, she left her husband.

To support herself, she crafted Maasai ornaments. In time, she joined a cultural group, which provided the once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to present Maasai culture on an American tour. Frustrated by having to speak through translators, Alice returned from the trip anxious for education.

In 2004, she enrolled in the same primary school as her two sons. It wasn't easy. "I used to come to school in home clothes, which segregated me from my classmates. Other pupils feared me because they knew I was a parent. This year, I put my shame aside and bought a uniform." At graduation, she blended in with the other students in their green frocks.

Alice plans to continue her schooling, and World Vision has offered support. Her sights are set on a future in which she will defend Maasai women and girls—and perhaps even change her culture in the process.

-with reporting by Michael Arunga

REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY

TARGET | Reduce by two-thirds the under-5 mortality rate FAST FACT | One in seven children worldwide has no acceeto health services. (UNICEF's "State of the World's Children 2005")

ONE FAMILY'S STORY | Salvage a young chil health, and you give him the world. » Looking at Altange it's hard to believe that this happy, healthy 7-year-old boy Mongolia was once a sickly and malnourished toddler.

The turnaround came in 2002, when he became sponsor through World Vision. "Before Altangerel was involved in child sponsorship program, he did not sleep well, his body very weak, he often cried, and he didn't want to play with oth children," recalls Demberel, Altangerel's father, who strugg to raise the boy alone.

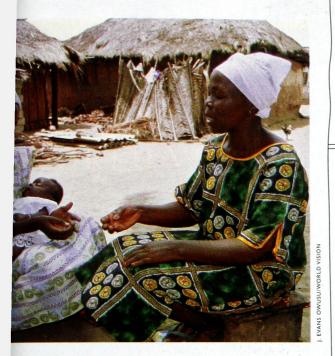
Altangerel took part in World Vision's Summer Hea Strengthening program, designed to help malnourished and aner children. They are given good food and nutrition supplements help them thrive. Meanwhile, their parents get training in chutrition and prevention of common childhood diseases.

At the camp, Altangerel gained weight and strength. E since, he has not so much as suffered a flu during the ha Mongolian winters. The boy beams as he talks about his life no "During my school holidays, I like to herd my father's goat he says. "When I grow up, I would like to be a carpenter."

Demberel sees a big difference in Altangerel. "Now I can that my son has a very bright future ahead of him," he sa "His face is aglow with excitement."

-with reporting by Justin Douglass and Joanna Harris





COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA, AND OTHER DISEASES

G O A L # 6

TARGET Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV. FAST FACT | Every day, AIDS kills 6,000 people and another 8,200 are infected with the deadly virus. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

ONE FAMILY'S STORY | Halting HIV/AIDS is possible if the young take up the fight. » The boys and girls are young, energetic, and they have a mission: to help create an AIDS-free society.

The children, ages 5 to 15, have been trained by World Vision in Kituntu, Uganda, to educate their peers and community members about the causes, effects, and prevention of HIV/AIDS. They tour local schools, offering advice about how children can protect themselves from the pandemic.

"Many children we talked to did not even know what AIDS is or how someone can get it," says Ivan Musoke, 10. "This is because both parents and teachers have not been open with the children. It is good if more people are educated about AIDS—then maybe less people will have to die from the disease."

Eric Matovu, 11, says that their message of sexual abstinence is getting through to teens. "A good number are opting to abstain and want to join the peer educators."

"The children are doing a wonderful job," says Peter Ayune, community development facilitator. "We intend to train more of them so that the entire subcounty benefits."

-with reporting by Margaret Alerotek

MOTHER'S STORY | Mothers' and babies' lives nd on skilled hands during deliveries. » It was 8 p.m. when a Abbam went into labor in Mfantseman district, Ghana. ad of arranging transport for the 19-mile trip to the hospital, amily called on Madam Lukenia Andoh, a traditional birth dant (TBA) who lived less than a mile away.

ladam Andoh picked up her kit and hurried to Araba's "An hour later, she delivered safely," the older woman ls. "We were all overjoyed."

1adam Andoh was among 30 TBAs trained by World on's Mfantseman project. She learned to use disinfectants nand-washing and gloves for examinations. Now she can er advise mothers on post-natal care such as breastfeeding, ical checkups, and diet.

The training makes sense given that many local mothers opt TBA care over hospital deliveries. Araba explains, "They with us in the community, so approaching them is easier. y also charge less. It would have cost me three times as ch if I'd gone to the clinic." She says her first child, 3-year-Mary, was delivered at the hospital, "but with Madam loh around, I felt no need to go there this time."

Since her training, Madam Andoh handles more deliveries. e since taken charge of eight, with Araba's son as my est," she says. "All babies are doing well."

—with reporting by J. Evans Owusu

G O A L # 5

IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH

RGET | Reduce by three-quarters the maternal mortality rate. ST FACT | Every minute, a woman somewhere dies in egnancy or childbirth. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

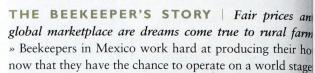


DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT

TARGET | Develop an open, non-discriminatory trading ar financial system.

FAST FACT | Unfair trade rules rob poor countries of

FAST FACT | Unfair trade rules rob poor countries of \$700 billion every year. (United Nations)



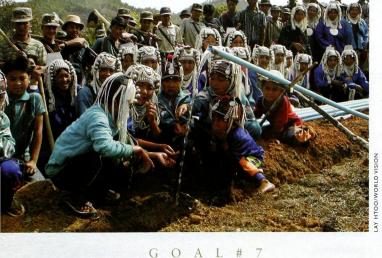
Sixty apiculturists from World Vision's Montaña Amu project have received training that has improved their beekeep and honey-extracting techniques. As a result, Mayan Ho a Mexican organization, has opened the European market them. "They have sold 10 tons of honey to Belgium throfair trade already," says René Moreno, formerly of World Vision Mexico's credit organization.

Meanwhile, a large restaurant chain in Mexico, T Restaurant, signed an agreement to purchase products dire from rural farmers, including the apiculturists. Through deal, the beekeepers are selling 1,100 pounds of honey a moto the restaurants.

"The best part of this is that Tok's is paying a really g price for the honey—\$4 per kilogram (\$8.80 per pound), w the market pays no more than \$2.20," says René.

Even as their quality of life improves, the apicultu work closely with World Vision's credit organization Mayan Honey to reach their next goal: exporting hone international markets by themselves.

-with reporting by David Muñoz Am



ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

TARGET | Halve the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water.

FAST FACT | Five million people, mostly children, die from waterborne diseases each year. (United Nations' Millennium Project)

ONE WOMAN'S STORY | To find out how precious water is, talk to someone who doesn't have it. » At 84, Nar Wa has spent way too many years hefting water from the base of the 4,000-foot hill in Phar Yan, Myanmar, to the top where she lives. If she didn't make the trek, she couldn't cook rice or plant mustard seeds in her yard. Her children and grandchildren spent most of their days carrying water, so their education suffered.

Many times Nar Wa considered moving to the foot of the hill where there was water. But she couldn't leave the place of her forefathers. It was the same with everybody in the village.

One day, World Vision staff came to Phar Yan and asked what would help the village improve. "Water," everybody replied at once, as if they had discussed the matter beforehand.

World Vision staff discovered a water source in the mountain nearby. To reach Phar Yan, 20 miles of pipe would be built up and down hills and through streams and paddy fields. Nar Wa couldn't take part in the pipe-laying, but she cooked for villagers who did.

As the project neared completion, there was a need to signal the controllers with a white flag when the water arrived. Nar Wa, who lives at the highest spot in the village, jumped at the chance to do the job.

A water reservoir now stands in front of her house. Tears flow when she realizes that water has come to her village after hundreds of years.

—with reporting by Joy Hla Gyaw





WORLD VISION'S INTERVENTIONS

I » ERADICATE POVERTY AND HUNGER

Food aid; small loans and micro-enterprise development; agricultural assistance and training; feeding centers; nutrition assistance

2 » ACHIEVE UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION

Child sponsorship; programs for disabled and disadvantaged children; provision of school supplies; school construction; teacher training

3 » PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY

Women's education and literacy classes; community education; small loans and micro-enterprise development; skills training; combating child sex tourism; recovery centers for exploited women and children; advocacy

4 » REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY

Child sponsorship; preventative health care; immunizations; early childhood care; provision of medicine and health centers

5 » REDUCE MATERNAL MORTALITY

Health care, especially pre- and post-natal care; training for traditional birth attendants and midwives

6 » COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA, AND OTHER DISEASES

Malaria prevention; HIV/AIDS prevention for children aged 5 to 15; prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV; care for the sick; advocacy

7 » ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

Provision of wells, water storage, water piping systems, and irrigation; protection of natural springs; latrine construction; water purification

8 " DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT

Advocacy for debt relief and increased aid to Africa; fair trade programs; micro-enterprise development

5 THINGS YOU CAN DO

EARN MORE

out the Millennium evelopment Goals. /isit www.un.org/ millenniumgoals.

SPONSOR A CHILD

Providing children access to education gives them an opportunity to break the cycle of poverty. Use the envelope between pages 16 and 17 to sign up for sponsorship.

GET YOUR CHURCH

youth group involved in the 30 Hour Famine, a World Vision program for youth to fight hunger by going without food for 30 hours and raising awareness and funds for the poor.

ADD YOUR VOICE

to those of millions of Americans lobbying leaders to vigorously pursue the MDGs.
Join the ONE Campaign, an effort to make poverty history, at www.worldvision.org/one.

PRAY FOR THOSE

most vulnerable to poverty—children. Also pray for world leaders, that they will keep their promises and work to achieve the MDGs.





No Longer Long Distance »

Moving to the United States brought a young woman closer to the former sponsors she's known for more than 30 years. Interviews by Jane Sutton-Redner

RITA ROLLAKANTI

Takoma Park, Maryland

was born in Nandigama, India, the fourth of five children in a Christian home. My father was retired from the military, and my mother worked as a schoolteacher. They didn't earn much income, and they wanted us all to go to school, so it was very hard for them.

Somebody told my parents that there was a way to get help from

LEFT: Nurse Rita Rollakanti has adjust to a new culture and climate in the Un States. RIGHT: Bill Odonnell cherishe photos of Rita when she was a young g in India.

abroad by sending me to a mission scho Narsapur School in Andra Pradesh. It w better school than the one in our town

At Narsapur I became a World Visic sponsored child, starting in the third gr. When letters came from my sponsors, and Ellen Odonnell, I would feel happy whole day. I used to say to myself, Will I get to meet them? I prayed to God to gr me that opportunity someday.

In school, I liked biology, but I didn't an idea about what I would become. My teachers and friends helped me decide t go to nursing college in Gujarat state af graduating from Narsapur.

I wanted to stay in touch with my sp sors, whom I call Uncle and Aunt. I coul never forget anyone who helped me so much. I just wanted to know them mor

After nursing school, I worked in Gujarat for three years. Then I got a job in a hospital in Delhi. By then, one of my brothers had married someone with pa ents in the United States. He moved the and over time he brought over my mot sister, and me.

I arrived in Maryland in winter 2001 After a month, I couldn't bear the cold. told my family I wanted to go back to In But I didn't want to leave before meetin my sponsors. Later, the weather change and I was OK. I started studying for my nursing certification at night while work all day at a child-care center.

Finally in August 2005 I went to see Uncle and Aunt with my sister. They well

for us at the Eureka [Calif.] airport. happy to see them—I felt that swered my prayers. They took me all Eureka, to see the beautiful Pacific and the Redwood trees. Uncle and eated me like I was their daughter. feel that they are part of my family. a year I have been working as at the National Rehabilitation al in Washington, D.C., about 30 s away from my home. I like to give are to the patients, and I try my best those in need.

he future, I would like to pursue studies in nursing, at least a master's . I may marry; I have received some ;als, but I thought it was important to ood job first.

ould like to thank World Vision for ig me such great help when I was in ind for making Uncle and Aunt part life.

BILL ODONNELL

Eureka, California

ne night more than 30 years ago, my wife, Ellen, and I were watching television when World aired one of its programs. We called, and they sent us information about a little girl named Rita.

World Vision was excellent about sending us a report every six months, which was one of the reasons we could stay in such good contact. Also, Rita sent letters and cards.

At the time, I was retired from the U.S. Navy and working with the Boy Scouts of America. Even though we were raising four children, sponsoring Rita wasn't a burden.

When her sponsorship was ending, Rita wrote that she was going to nursing college. We offered to help her with tuition until she completed her schooling.

It was great news to us when Rita moved to the United States. A couple of years ago, my son Bill and I went to Washington, D.C., for a conference. I took a bus to Rita's Maryland address, only to find she had moved. So close and yet so far.

Last year she wrote that she would like to visit us. We were thrilled. On Aug. 8, 2005, a dream came true when Rita and her sister, Su, arrived. We had a wonderful visit, which included taking in local sights. Between all of us we must have taken more than 30 rolls of film, plus video.

We thank the Lord for giving us this opportunity through World Vision to know and have Rita in our family.



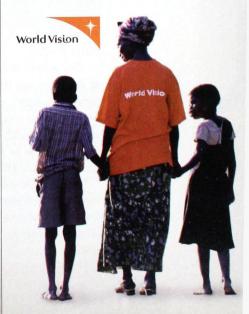
WHO WE ARE | World Vision is a Christian relief and development organization dedicated to helping children and their communities worldwide reach their full potential by tackling the causes of poverty.

WHO WE SERVE | Motivated by our faith in Jesus, we serve the poor—regardless of a person's religion, race, ethnicity, or gender—as a demonstration of God's unconditional love for all people.

WHY WE **SERVE** | Our passion is for the world's poorest children whose suffering breaks the heart of God. To help secure a better future for each child, we focus on lasting, community-based transformation. We partner with individuals and communities, empowering them to develop sustainable access to clean water, food supplies, health care, education, and economic opportunities.

HOW WE **SERVE** | Since 1950, World Vision has helped millions of children and families by providing emergency assistance to those affected by natural disasters and civil conflict, developing long-term solutions within communities to alleviate poverty, and advocating for justice on behalf of the poor.

YOU CAN HELP | Partnering with World Vision provides tangible ways to honor God and put faith into action. By working together, we can make a lasting difference in the lives of children and families who are struggling to overcome poverty. To find out how you can help return the envelope found between pages 16 and 17, or visit www.worldvision.org.



INSPIRATION

A Place at the Table >>

he Bible leaves no room for doubt about God's intention for us. God embraces us in love and stirs us to seek justice for those who are oppressed.

Concern for poor, hungry, and vulnerable people is pervasive in the Hebrew Scriptures. It flows directly from the revelation of God through the rescue of an enslaved people.

The New Testament ethic builds on the Hebrew Scriptures. Like them, it does not simply offer a platter of moral advice. Its teachings emerge from a divine act of salvation—the life, death, and resurrection of Jesus Christ. Because "the lamb of God who takes away the sin of the world" conquered sin and death for us, we are forgiven, reconciled to God, born anew to be imitators of God, called to sacrificial love for others. Through the gift of eternal life, Jesus sets us free to make the doing of good our purpose in life (Ephesians 2: 8-10).

The nature of the good we are to do is not left in doubt, for we have the example of Jesus himself. He had a special sense of mission to poor and oppressed people—evidence that, in him,

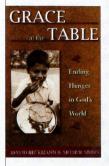
"...if you spend yourselves in behalf of the hungry and satisfy the needs of the oppressed, then your light shall rise in the darkness, and your night be like the noonday."

— Isaiah 58:10

the messianic promises were being fulfilled. At the outset of his ministry, Jesus stood up in the synagogue at Nazareth and read from the prophet Isaiah: "The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he has anointed me to preach good news to the poor" (Luke 4: 18).

The gospels depict Jesus repeatedly reaching out to those at the bottom of the social pyramid—poor people, women, Samaritans, lepers, children, prostitutes, and tax collectors. Jesus was also eager to accept people who were well-placed, but he made clear that all, regardless of social position, needed to repent. For this reason he invited the rich young lawyer to sell all of his possessions and give the proceeds to the poor.

"Blessed are you who are poor," said Jesus in Luke's version of the Sermon on the Mount, and he added, "But woe to you who are rich, for you have received your comfort" (6:20, 24). Jesus once said, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of God" (Mark 10:25).



The point is stark, intended to shock us—but how many sermons have you heard on it? We tell to duck, for in few aspects of life are viso prone to idolate and self-deception in matters concern

our own material advantage.

In his portrayal of the day of judgme Jesus pictured people from all nations gathered before him. To the "sheep" he says, "Come, you who are blessed of my Father ... For I was hungry and you gave me something to eat ..." In their astonishment they ask, "When did we d that?" And he answers, "When you did it to the least of my brothers [and sisters] Conversely, to the "goats" he says, "Dep from me, you who are cursed ... For I was hungry and you gave me nothing to eat ..." (Matthew 25:31-46).

Clearly, in both Old and New Testaments the intention of God that all people find a place at the table is combi with a responsibility on our part for the who are most vulnerable, most often ke from the table. This intention flows from the heart of God, who reaches out in lo to all of us—rich, poor, and in-between.

—Excerpt from Grace at the Table, by Dc Beckmann and Arthur Simon, © 1999, Pau Press, Inc., New York/Mahwah, N.J. Used withe permission of Paulist Press.

David Beckmann is president of Bread for the World, a Christian organization that see justice for the world's hungry, founded by president emeritus **Arthur Simon** in 1974 Simon and Beckmann are ordained minister and authors.

RETR SPECT

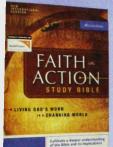


- MONGOLIA-

Bat-Erdene's name means "durable treasure," and as he flings his ball heavenward, it seems appropriate. Although the 9-year-old has had to endure much pain, it's failed to crush his spirit. Bat's parents were killed in a car crash, so he now lives with his grandmother in Uvurkhangai—an economic wasteland of abandoned factories and unemployment. But Bat is a sponsored child. Money from his sponsor is providing better health care and education. One of the greatest days in Bat's life was when his sponsor came to visit. The photos taken on that occasion are among his most treasured possessions. Bat's T-shirt asks, "What is Love?" Tough question. But as Bat reads and rereads his sponsor's letters, maybe he will find some answers.



a faith at acts— and inspires action.



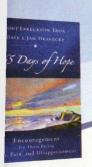
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5 Days of Hope

those facing loss or suffering, these

ly reflections by Joni Eareckson Tada

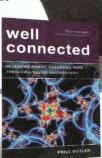
I Dave and Jan Dravecky offer hope,

couragement, support, and inspiration.



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